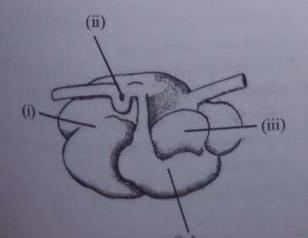
Multiple Choice Questions

DIRECTIONS: The following questions has four choices (a), (b), (c) and (d) out of which only one is correct. You have to choose the correct alternative.

Which statement is correct?

[2013, Critical Thinking]

- Breakdown of complex substance into simpler substance is called peristalsis.
- (b) The process of passing of digestive food into blood vessels in the Intestine is called peristalsis.
- (c) Movement of food through alimentary canal by the wave like movement controlled by involuntary muscles is called Peristalsis.
- (d) The process of utilisation of glucose, amino acid is called peristalsis.
- Which is NOT true for villi?
 - (a) These increases the surface area for 8. absorption of digested food.
 - (b) These are small finger like projections.
 - (c) Villi protects the inner lining of stomach
 - (d) They absorb digested food materials.
- Is this statement correct or incorrect
 - "Extracellular digestion takes place in small [2014, Critical Thinking] Intestine.
 - (a) Large Intestine
- (b) Small Intestine
- (c) Stomach
- (d) None of these
- The other name of defaecation is
 - (a) Assimilation
- (b) Absorption
- (c) Egestion
- (d) Ingestion
- The given figure shows digestive system of ruminant. Which of the following is the correct labelling.



- (i) small intestine
 - (iii) Abomasum
- (ii) Rumen

(iv) omasum

- (b) (i) Rumen
 - (iii) Small Intestine
- (ii) Small Intestine (iv) Abomasum
- (c) (i) Rumen
 - (iii) Small Intestine
- (iv) Abomasum
- (d) (i) Abomasum
- (ii) Omasum

(ii) Omasum

- (iii) Rumen
- (iv) small intestine
- The canine of our teeth helps in 6.
 - tearing the food
 - grinding the food
 - biting the food
 - (d) cutting the food
- Which is the largest chamber in the stomach of 7. ruminant?
 - (a) Omasum
- (b) Rumen
- Abomasum (c)
- (d) Reticulum.
- The inner lining of stomach secretes
 - (a) mucous
 - (b) hydrochloric acid
 - digestive juices
 - (d) all of these
- What is the function of mucous secreted by the inner lining of stomach?
 - (a) Kills many bacteria
 - (b) Makes medium in stomach acidic
 - (c) Protects lining of stomach
 - (d) All the above
- The function of the acid secreted by inner lining 10. of stomach is
 - kills many bacteria (a)
 - (b) makes the medium in the stomach acidic
 - helps the digestive juices to act (c)
 - (d) all the above
- Which one is incorrect about liver? 11.
 - (a) It stores proteins and fats
 - (b) It purifies blood
 - (c) It removes and stores iron from dead red blood cells
 - (d) It helps in digestion by producing bile

204 Science 12. Select the one who first discover

- Select the one who first discovered one-celled animals [2015, Critical Thinking]
 - (a) Charaka
 - (b) Anton Leeuwenhoek
 - (c) Marcello Malpighi
 - (d) Galen
- 13. As the population of small fish in a lake decreases, the population of large fish that depend on the small fish for food will

[2016, Critical Thinking]

- (a) reproduce faster
- (b) begin to produce their own food
- (c) decrease in number
- (d) increase in number
- The main function of the human digestive system is to
 - (a) break down foods for absorption into the blood
 - (b) exchange oxygen and carbon dioxide in the lungs
 - (c) release energy from sugars within the cells
 - (d) carry nutrients to all parts of the body
- 15. Carbohydrate and its digestion begins in buccal cavity. It is [Tricky]
 - (a) cellulose
- (b) starch
- (c) proteins
- (d) vitamins
- 16. It is a large cream coloured gland and is located just below the stomach. It is [2017]
 - (a) liver
- (b) pancreas
- (c) heart
- (d) none of these
- 17. In grass-eating animals, the grass is stored in a part of the stomach where the food gets converted into cud. This part is called
 - (a) stomach
- (b) rumen
- (c) rumination
- (d) ruminant
- 18. It is secreted by salivary glands and its function is to break down starch into sugars. It is
 - (a) pancreatic juice
- (b) bile juice
- (c) saliva
- (d) none of these
- 19. Ingestion is
 - (a) the mode of chewing and cutting food in mouth.
 - (b) the process of taking food into the body.
 - (c) both the above are correct.
 - (d) none of these is correct,

20. Tongue

- (a) is a fleshy muscular organ and is attached at the back to the floor of buccal cavity.
- (b) mixes saliva with food during chewing and helps in swallowing food.
- (c) helps us to taste food.
- (d) all the above are correct.
- 21. Absorption
 - (a) is the process by which digested food passes into the blood vessels.
 - (b) is the process by which digested food passes into the blood vessels in the wall of the intestines.
 - (c) both the above are correct.
 - (d) none of the above is correct
- 22. Assimilation is
 - (a) the process of change of digested absorbed substances into complex substances and its use.
 - (b) utilization by living organisms of absorbed food materials in the process of growth, reproduction and repair.
 - (c) both the above are correct.
 - (d) none of the above is correct
- 23. Egestion is
 - (a) the storage of undigested and waste material in rectum
 - (b) removal of faecal material through anus from time to time
 - (c) both the above are correct
 - (d) none of the above is correct
- 24. We vomit out food, because
 - (a) it is not to our taste
 - (b) it is poisonous and should not be allowed to enter our body
 - (c) it is not accepted by our stomach
 - (d) all the above are correct
- 25. From where does saliva come in our mouth?
 - (a) when we see some food of our liking
 - (b) when we are quite hungry
 - (c) it is secreted by salivary glands situated in our mouth
 - (d) none of the above is correct

Match the Column

DIRECTIONS: Match column I with column II and select the correct answers using the code given below the

26. Column-I

- (A) Incisors
- (B) Canines
- (C) Premolars
- (D) Molars
- (a) $A \rightarrow p; B \rightarrow s; C \rightarrow q; D \rightarrow r$
- (c) $A \rightarrow r; B \rightarrow s; C \rightarrow q; D \rightarrow p$

27. Column-I

- (A) Salivary glands
- (B) Liver
- (C) Small intastine
- (D) Stomach
- (a) $A \rightarrow r$; $B \rightarrow s$; $C \rightarrow q$; $D \rightarrow p$
- (c) $A \rightarrow s; B \rightarrow r; C \rightarrow q; D \rightarrow p$

28. Column-I

- (A) Unicellular
- (B) Blood sucking
- (C) Racoon
- (D) Pseudopodia
- (a) $A \rightarrow s; B \rightarrow r; C \rightarrow p; D \rightarrow q$
- (c) $A \rightarrow q; B \rightarrow p; C \rightarrow s; D \rightarrow r$

Column-II

- (p) Grinding teeth
- (q) Cracking teeth
- (r) Cutting teeth
- (s) Tearing teeth
- (b) $A \rightarrow q; B \rightarrow p; C \rightarrow s; D \rightarrow r$
- (d) $A \rightarrow r; B \rightarrow q; C \rightarrow s; D \rightarrow p$

Column-II

- (p) pepsin
- (q) trypsin
- (r) amylase
- (s) Bile
- (b) $A \rightarrow r; B \rightarrow q; C \rightarrow p; D \rightarrow s$
- (d) $A \rightarrow q$; $B \rightarrow p$; $C \rightarrow s$; $D \rightarrow r$ Column-II
- (p) omnivore
- (q) locomotion
- (r) amoeba
- (s) leech
 - (b) $A \rightarrow r; B \rightarrow s; C \rightarrow p; D \rightarrow q$
 - (d) $A \rightarrow r; B \rightarrow p; C \rightarrow q; D \rightarrow s$

II Statement Based Questions

DIRECTIONS: Read the following two statements carefully and choose the correct options.

- (a) Statements (1) and (3) are incorrect but (2) is correct.
- (b) Statements (1) and (2) are incorrect but (3) is correct.
- (c) All statements are correct.
- (d) All statements are incorrect.
- 29. Statement 1: Permanent teeth lasts throughout life
 Statement 2: It is the first set of teeth.
 Statement 3: There are 32 milk teeth
- 30. Statement 1: At one end stomach recieves food from food pipe

Statement 2: At one end stomach opens into small intestine.

Statement 3: Stomach wall releases HCl acid.

31. Statement 1: Length of large intestinse is larger than small intestine.

Statement 2: Pancreas is the largest gland in human body.

Statement 3: Gall Bladder secretes juice into small intestine

32. Statement 1: The mode of taking in food into the body varies for different organisms.

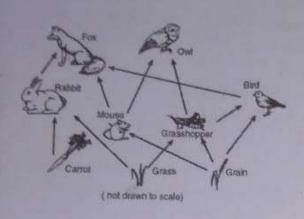
Statement 2: Complex components of food cannot be digested as such.

Statement 3: Digestion of food begins in the mouth.

Figure Based Questions

DIRECTIONS: Carefully observe pictures given below and answer the following questions.

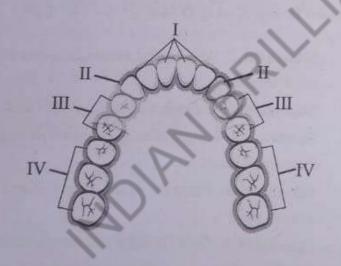
33. The diagram below shows a food web.



Which three organisms in the food web are competing for the same food resource?

- (a) carrot, rabbit, and fox
- (b) grain, bird, and owl
- (c) fox, owl, and rabbit
- (d) bird, mouse, and grasshopper

DIRECTIONS: Look at the below diagram and answer the given questions.



- 34. The teeth marked II represent
 - canines (a)
- (b) incisors
- (c) premolars
- (d) molars
- Teeth used to grind food are marked as 35.
 - (a)

(b) II

(c) Ш

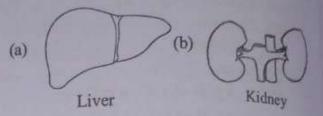
(c)

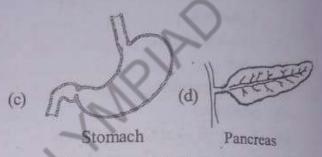
- (d)
- Teeth marked III are also called 36.
 - tearing teeth

molars

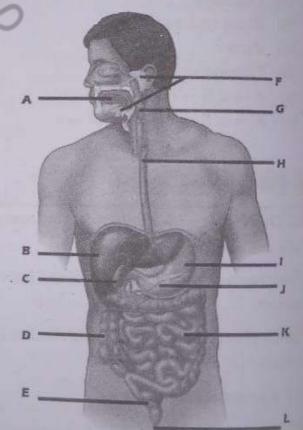
- (b) canines
- (d) crocking teeth

- Teeth marked as I are 37.
 - (a) molars
- premolars (b)
- (c) incisors
- (d) Canines
- Which one of the following diagram does no 38. manufacture digestive juices?





DIRECTIONS: Look at the below picture and answer the given questions.



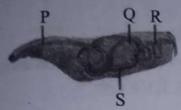
- 39. Which letter is pointing to the large intestin (colon)?
 - (a)

(b)

41.

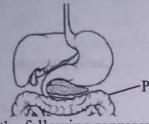
- (d)
- 40. What is structure 1?
- Pancreas (b) Kidney
- What is structure C?
- Gall bladder
- (b) Liver
- (e) Stomach
- (d) Heart

42. Which of the following labelled parts stores cud in ruminants?



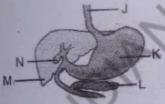
(a)

- 0 (b)
- (d)
- (c) R 43. The given figure shows a part of human digestive system.



Which of the following represent 'P' in the given figure?

- (a) Pancreas
- (b) Liver
- (c) Gall bladder
- (d) Duodenum
- 44. The figure given below shows a part of the human alimentary canal.



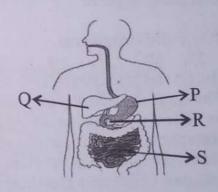
Which of the two labelled structures produce substances involved in the conversion of fats into fatty acids and glycerol?

- (a) Jand K
- (b) Jand N
- (c) Kand L
- (d) Land M

Which statement about the large intestine if 45. false?



- No absorption of materials takes place in the given organ.
- First part of the given organ is called colon.
- The length of the given organ is 1.5 metres. (c)
- It secretes mucus. (d)
- The given figure illustrates the human digestive system. Which labelled part of the human digestive system stores bile juice?



P (a)

(b)

R (c)

(d)

LEVEL 2

Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. (c) 2. (c) 3. (b) 4. (c)
- 5. (b) 6. (a) 7. (b) 8. (d) 9 (c) 10. (d) 11. (a) 12. (b)
- 9. (c) 10. (d) 11. (a) 12. (b) 13. (c) 14. (a) 15. (b) 16. (b)
- 17. (b) It is called rumen.
- 18. (c) 19. (b) 20. (d) 21. (b)
- 22. (c) 23. (c)
- 24. (c) When food is not accepted by our stomach it is vomited out.
- 25. (c)

Match the Column

26. (c) 27. (a) 28. (b)

Statement Based Questions

- 29. (b) 30. (c)
- 31. (d) Liver is the largest gland.
- 32. (iii) (c)

Figure Based Questions

- 33. (d) Bird, mouse and grasshopper all three are competing for grains.
- 34. (a) 35. (d) 36. (d) 37. (c)
- 38. (b) 39. (d) 40. (c) 41. (a)
- 42. (b) In the given figure Q represents rumen.
 Rumen stores food that is partially digested.
- 43. (a) In the given figure P represents pancreas.
- 44. (d) In the given figure L represents pancreas and M represents liver. Fats get digested by the enzymes produced by pancreas (lipase) and bile juice produced by liver.
- 45. (a) The given figure is of the Large intestine.

 Large intestine absorbs water from the undigested food material.
- 46. (b) In the given figure Q represents liver. Liver secretes bile juice.